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**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

The listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

**Listing of Claims**

1. (Previously Presented) A method of improving speech quality in a communication system comprising a first terminal unit (TRX1) and a second terminal (TRX2), the method comprising:

transmitting speech signals having a first sampling frequency ( $F_1$ );

receiving said speech signals;

buffering said speech signals in a playout buffer with said first frequency ( $F_1$ );

playing out said speech signals with a second frequency ( $F_2$ );

performing a dynamic sample rate conversion of a speech frame comprising N samples on a sample by sample basis, said dynamic sample rate conversion comprising:

creating an LPC-residual comprising N samples derived from said speech frame;

calculating, for each speech frame, whether a sample should be either added or removed from said LPC-residual;

generating a modified LPC-residual comprising at least one of N-1 and N+1 samples, in response to a determination that said calculating so demands; and

synthesising a speech signal from said modified LPC-residual.

2. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1 wherein the creating step comprises performing an LPC-analysis of the speech frame in order to find LPC-parameters of said speech frame.

3. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1 wherein the creating step comprises using already existing LPC-parameters from a speech decoder.

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4. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1 wherein the creating step comprises using an existing LPC-residual from a decoder.

5. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the calculating step comprises deciding whether a sample should be added or removed based on at least one of the following inputs:

sample frequencies of the sending (TRX1) and receiving (TRX2) terminal units;  
a voice activity detector signal;  
a status of the playout buffer; and  
an indicator of a beginning of a talkspurt.

6. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the generating step comprises:

selecting a position in the LPC residual at which to add or remove a sample; and  
adding respective or removing of said sample.

7. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 6 wherein the step of selecting said position is performed arbitrarily.

8. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 6 further comprising the step of finding said position via a search for a segment of the LPC-residual with low energy.

9. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 8 wherein said segment of low energy is found via a block energy analysis.

10. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 8 wherein said segment of low energy is found via a sliding window energy analysis.

11. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 6 wherein said position is found using knowledge about a position of a pitch pulse and knowledge about a time

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difference between said pitch pulse and a following pitch pulse to select the position at which to add or remove a sample in the LPC-residual.

12. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 11 further comprising the step of finding said pitch pulse via a search for positions in the LPC residual with high energy.

13. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 12 wherein said positions with high energy are found via a block energy analysis.

14. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 12 wherein said positions with high energy are found via a sliding window energy analysis.

15. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 6 wherein said adding comprises adding a zero sample.

16. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 6 wherein said adding comprises adding a zero sample and interpolating surrounding samples.

17. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 6 wherein said removing comprises removing a sample from the LPC-residual.

18. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 6 wherein said adding comprises:

adding a sample in a history of the LPC residual; and

increasing a lag pointer so long as the adding is within an LPC residual history.

19. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 6 wherein said removing comprises:

removing a sample in a history of the LPC residual; and

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decreasing a lag pointer so long as the removing is within the LPC residual history.

20. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 6 wherein the second terminal unit comprises an adaptive and a fixed codebook; and

wherein said adding comprises:

adding a sample in an output from the adaptive codebook;

extending an output from the fixed codebook; and

increasing a lag pointer so long as the adding is within the LPC residual history.

21. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 6 wherein the second terminal unit comprises an adaptive and a fixed codebook; and

wherein said removing comprises:

removing a sample in an output from the adaptive codebook;

shortening an output from the fixed codebook; and

decreasing a lag pointer so long as the removing is within the LPC residual history.

22. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 6 wherein the second terminal unit comprises a fixed codebook; and

wherein said adding or removing comprises adding or removing a sample in an output from the fixed codebook.

23. (Previously Presented) An apparatus for improving speech quality in a communication system comprising a first terminal unit (TRX1) adapted to transmit speech signals and having a first sampling frequency ( $F_1$ ) and a second terminal unit (TRX2) adapted to buffer said speech signals in a playout buffer with said first frequency ( $F_1$ ) and to play said speech signals out with a second frequency ( $F_2$ ), said apparatus comprising:

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means for performing a dynamic sample rate conversion of a speech frame comprising N samples on a sample by sample basis, wherein said dynamic sample rate conversion comprises:

means for creating an LPC-residual comprising N samples derived from said speech frame;

means for calculating for each speech frame whether a sample should be added or removed from said LPC-residual;

means for generating a modified LPC-residual comprising at least one of N-1 and N+1 samples in response to a determination that said calculating so demands; and

means for synthesising a speech signal from said modified LPC-residual.

24. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 23 wherein the means for creating comprises means for performing an LPC-analysis of the speech frame to find LPC-parameters of said speech frame.

25. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 23 wherein the means for creating comprises means for using existing LPC-parameters from a speech decoder.

26. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 23 wherein the means for creating comprises means for using an existing LPC-residual from a decoder.

27. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 23, wherein the means for calculating comprises means for deciding if a sample should be added or removed on the basis of a function of at least one of the following inputs:

sample frequencies of sending and receiving terminal units;  
a voice activity detector signal;  
a status of the playout buffer; and  
an indicator of a beginning of a talkspurt.

28. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 23, wherein the means for generating comprises:

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means for selecting a position at which to add or remove samples; and  
means for performing adding and removing.

29. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 28 wherein the means for selecting comprises means for arbitrarily selecting said position at which to add or remove samples.

30. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 28 wherein the means for selecting comprises means for searching for the segment of the LPC-residual with the lowest energy.

31. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 30 wherein the means for searching comprises means for performing a block energy analysis.

32. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 30 wherein the means for searching comprises means for performing a sliding window energy analysis.

33. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 28 wherein the means for selecting comprises means for using knowledge about a position of a pitch pulse together with knowledge about a time difference between said pitch pulse and a following pitch pulse to select the position at which to add or remove a sample in the LPC-residual.

34. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 33 wherein the means for using knowledge about pitch pulses comprises means for finding the pitch pulses by searching for positions in the LPC residual with high energy.

35. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 34 wherein the means for finding pitch pulses comprises means for performing a block energy analysis.

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36. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 34 wherein the means for finding pitch pulses comprises means for performing a sliding window energy analysis.

37. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 28 wherein the means for performing adding or removing comprises means for adding a zero sample.

38. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 28 wherein the means for performing adding or removing comprises means for removing a sample from the LPC-residual.

39. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 28 wherein the means for performing adding or removing comprises means for adding a zero sample and interpolating surrounding samples.

40. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 28 wherein the means for performing adding or removing comprises:  
means for adding a sample in a history of the LPC residual; and  
means for increasing a lag pointer so long as the adding is within the LPC residual history.

41. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 28 wherein the means for performing adding or removing comprises:  
means for removing a sample in a history of the LPC residual; and  
means for decreasing a lag pointer so long as the removing is within the LPC residual history.

42. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 28 wherein the second terminal unit comprises:  
an adaptive and a fixed codebook;  
means for adding a sample in an output from the adaptive codebook;  
means for extending an output from the fixed codebook; and

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means for increasing a lag pointer so long as the adding is within the LPC residual history.

43. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 28 wherein the second terminal unit comprises:

an adaptive and a fixed codebook;

means for removing a sample in an output from the adaptive codebook;

means for removing a sample in an output from the fixed codebook; and

means for decreasing a lag pointer so long as the removing is within the LPC residual history.

44. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 28 wherein the second terminal unit comprises:

a fixed codebook; and

means for adding or removing a sample in an output from the fixed codebook.